Disposition: June 22, 1953. The Sunshine Food Markets having appeared as claimant, judgment of condemnation was entered and the court ordered that the product be released under bond to be brought into compliance with the law, under the supervision of the Department of Health, Education, and Welfare. The product was segregated, with the result that 54 bags of the product were found unfit and were destroyed.

20804. Adulteration of flour. U. S. v. 328 Bags * * *. (F. D. C. No. 35056. Sample No. 65049-L.)

LIBEL FILED: May 20, 1953, District of North Dakota.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about March 31, 1953, from Great Falls, Mont.

PRODUCT: 328 50-pound bags of flour at Minot, N. Dak, in the possession of Oppen's, Inc.

NATURE OF CHARGE: Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (3), the article consisted in whole or in part of a filthy substance by reason of the presence of rodent urine; and, Section 402 (a) (4), it had been held under insanitary conditions whereby it may have become contaminated with filth. The article was adulterated while held for sale after shipment in interstate commerce.

Disposition: June 5, 1953. Oppen's, Inc., claimant, having admitted the allegations of the libel, judgment of condemnation was entered and the court ordered that the claimant, upon the filing of a bond, make an inspection of the product in the presence of inspectors of the Department of Health, Education, and Welfare to determine the portion of the product which was unfit. As a result of this inspection, 3,857 pounds of the product were found unfit and were denatured for use as animal feed.

20805. Adulteration of flour. U. S. v. 8 Bags * * *. (F. D. C. No. 35084. Sample No. 55859-L.)

LIBEL FILED: June 19, 1953, Western District of Pennsylvania.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about April 4, 1952, from Lincoln, Nebr.

PRODUCT: 8 50-pound bags of flour at Clearfield, Pa.

NATURE OF CHARGE: Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (3), the article consisted in whole or in part of a filthy substance by reason of the presence of live insects. The article was adulterated while held for sale after shipment in interstate commerce.

DISPOSITION: July 13, 1953. Default decree of condemnation. The court ordered that the product be delivered to a county institution, for use as animal feed

20806. Adulteration of flour. U. S. v. 9 Bags * * *. (F. D. C. No. 35073. Sample No. 55852-L.)

LIBEL FILED: June 4, 1953, Western District of Pennsylvania.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about April 22, 1953, from Springfield, Ill.

PRODUCT: 9 100-pound bags of flour at Pittsburgh, Pa., in the possession of the Bold Baking Corp.

NATURE OF CHARGE: Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (3), the article consisted in whole or in part of a filthy substance by reason of the presence of rodent urine; and, Section 402 (a) (4), it had been held under insanitary conditions whereby it may have become contaminated with filth. The article was adulterated while held for sale after shipment in interstate commerce.

Disposition: June 5, 1953. Default decree of condemnation. The court ordered that the product be delivered to a county institution, for use as animal feed.

20807. Adulteration of flour and walnuts. U. S. v. 4 Bags, etc. (F. D. C. No. 35074. Sample Nos. 64915-L to 64917-L, incl.)

LIBEL FILED: June 11, 1953, District of Minnesota.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about November 2, 1952, and March 10, 1953, from Los Angeles, Calif., and Grand Forks, N. Dak.

PRODUCT: 4 100-pound bags and 95 50-pound bags of flour and 12 25-pound bags and 4 100-pound bags of walnuts at Hibbing, Minn., in the possession of the Kleffman Mercantile Co.

NATURE OF CHARGE: Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (3), the articles consisted in whole or in part of filthy substances by reason of the presence of rodent urine; and, Section 402 (a) (4), the articles had been held under insanitary conditions whereby they may have become contaminated with filth. The articles were adulterated while held for sale after shipment in interstate commerce.

Disposition: August 10, 1953. The Kleffman Mercantile Co., claimant, having consented to the entry of a decree, judgment of condemnation was entered and the court ordered that the products be released under bond to be brought into compliance with the law, under the supervision of the Department of Health, Education, and Welfare.

The flour was segregated, with the result that 30 50-pound bags and 3 100-pound bags were found unfit and were denatured for use as animal feed. The walnuts also were segregated, with the result that 200 pounds were found unfit and were destroyed.

MISCELLANEOUS CEREALS

20808. Adulteration of rice. U. S. v. 61 Bags * * *. (F. D. C. No. 35089. Sample No. 55862-L.)

LIBEL FILED: June 24, 1953, Western District of Pennsylvania.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about January 1, 1953, from Houston, Tex.

PRODUCT: 61 25-pound bags of rice at Pittsburgh, Pa., in the possession of the Wilton Storage Co.

NATURE OF CHARGE: Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (3), the article consisted in whole or in part of a filthy substance by reason of the presence of rodent urine; and, Section 402 (a) (4), the article had been held under insanitary conditions whereby it may have become contaminated with filth. The article was adulterated while held for sale after shipment in interstate commerce.

Disposition: August 5, 1953. Default decree of condemnation. The court ordered that the product be delivered to a county institution, for use as animal feed.

20809. Adulteration of wheat. U. S. v. Gackle Bros. Grain Co. Plea of guilty. Fine, \$300. (F. D. C. No. 35129. Sample Nos. 20262-L, 20411-L.)

INFORMATION FILED: June 4, 1953, District of North Dakota, against the Gackle Bros. Grain Co., a corporation, Kulm, N. Dak.